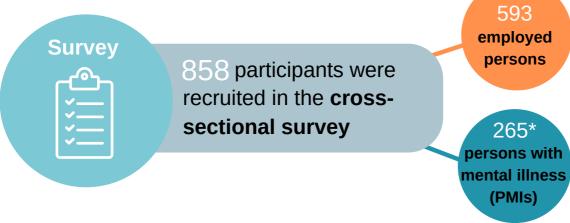




Study on Perceptions of Stigmatization and Discrimination of Persons with Mental Illness in the Workplace (Mar 2023)

Research Design



50 Employers and supervisors in managerial positions were invited in the in-depth interview



* 49.4% = Schizophrenia; 23.0% = Depression; 11.7% = Bipolar Disorder; 9.7% = Anxiety; 6.2% = Others

Knowledge of Disability Discrimination and Disability Discrimination Ordinance from the Employed Persons

of the employed persons have heard of the term "disability discrimination"



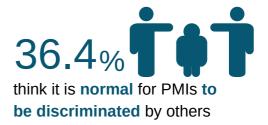


91.9% of the employed persons knew about Disability Discrimination Ordinance (DDO) of Hong Kong

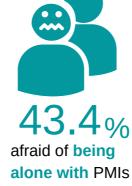
Common Stigmatization towards PMIs Reported by the Employed Persons

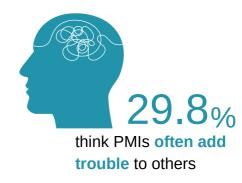
55.7% worried that PMIs will harm











Perceived Prevalence of Discrimination by the PMIs

of the **PMIs** reflected that the 78.5% discrimination against PMIs in Hong Kong is very prevalent or quite prevalent



71.3%

Prevalence of common workplace discrimination observed by the PMIs (very prevalent or quite prevalent)

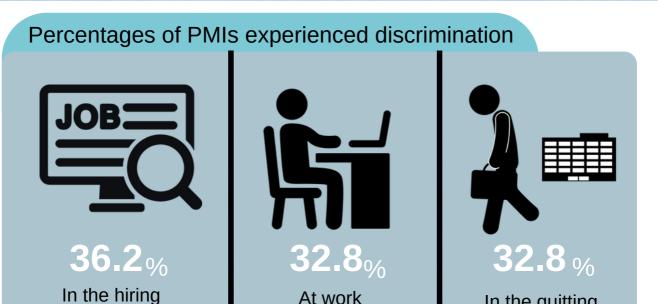
Having fewer opportunities for promotion Not getting hired because of mental illness 67.5%

Being paid less than others because of mental illness 65.5%

60.2% Being assigned to working conditions that are worse than others

Encountering difficulties when asking for leave due to mental illness 59.6%

Workplace Discrimination Experience in Different Work Phases Reported by the PMIs



Common workplace discrimination in different work phases

Hiring Process

process



Poor employment conditions due to mental illness record

At Work



35.6% Being paid less due to mental illness

Quitting Process

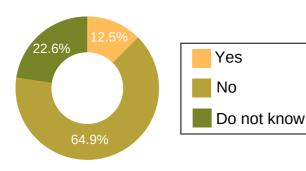
In the quitting

process



Quitting due to inferior treatment or changing employment conditions

Availability of Mental Health Support in the Workplace



Only **12.5** % of the PMIs reported that the company has provided mental health support

Quotes from the Employers and Supervisors



(A female, aged 35-44, manager/department head, import/export, wholesale and retail)

"I don't think there is any special arrangement. If we know there is an applicant with mental illness that needs special work arrangement, that person would likely not be hired. We should treat everyone equally in the company."

(A male, aged 35-44, manager/department head, accommodation and food services)

"I think it depends on the type of industry. In the sales department, it is difficult to include people with mental illness because our work involves communicating with people. If the employee with mental illness cannot control their emotions or behaves abnormally, it is difficult for them to perform well at work."



Suggestions and Recommendations for Improvement



67.3% of the employed persons and 68.3% of the PMIs think that the government should step up publicity to let more people know about the Disability Discrimination Ordinance

63.9% of the employed persons and 61.9% of the PMIs think that the government should require companies to formulate equal opportunities policies



Recommendations for creating a discrimination-free working environment

Anti-discrimination policy

The Government should consider providing more assistance to facilitate the development of discrimination-related policies



Public education

Public education initiatives should be launched to promote understanding of disability discrimination and DDO.



Staff training

Employers may provide staff training to debunk myths, promote mental health awareness, and teach communication skills



Reasonable work accommodations

Employers should ensure that employees can attend medical appointments and apply for sick leave



Resources for mental health support

The Government may consider either providing financial subsidies or centralizing support services for small and medium companies

